


10665403 - FIX-R Flexi-GRP Primer 5Kg

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

- 1.1 Product identifier:** 10665403 - FIX-R Flexi-GRP Primer 5Kg
Other means of identification:
Not relevant
- 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against:**
Relevant uses: Primers. For professional users/industrial user only.
Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3
- 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet:**
FIX-R
Harding Way
PE27 3YJ St Ives - Cambridgeshire - United Kingdom
Phone: +44 (0) 1480 466 777
sigassured@sigplc.com
www.fix-r.co.uk
- 1.4 Emergency telephone number:** +44 (0) 1274 696979 (Monday - Friday 8am - 5pm GMT)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

- 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**
GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):
Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567).
Eye Irrit. 2: Eye irritation, Category 2, H319
Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226
Repr. 2: Reproductive toxicity, Category 2, H361d
Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315
STOT RE 1: Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure, Category 1, H372
- 2.2 Label elements:**
GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):
Danger
- 
- Hazard statements:**
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Organs affected: Hearing organs.
- Precautionary statements:**

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SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION (continued)

P201: Obtain special instructions before use.
P202: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233: Keep container tightly closed.
P240: Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241: Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
P242: Use only non-sparking tools.
P243: Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260: Do not breathe vapours
P264: Wash thoroughly after use.
P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing/respiratory protection/protective footwear.
P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P314: Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
P337+P313: If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.
P403+P235: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P501: Dispose of the contents and/or its container in line with regulations on dangerous waste or packaging and waste packaging respectively.

Supplementary information:

EUH208: Contains Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate), maleic anhydride. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH211: Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist.

Substances that contribute to the classification

styrene (CAS: 100-42-5)

2.3 Other hazards:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substance:






Non-applicable

3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture of substances

Components:

In accordance with Annex II of The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020, the product contains:

Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS: 100-42-5	styrene Acute Tox. 4: H332; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Repr. 2: H361d; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 1: H372 - Danger	 30 - <40 %
CAS: 78-93-3	Butanone Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	 1 - <5 %
CAS: 141-78-6	Ethyl acetate Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 2: H225; STOT SE 3: H336; EUH066 - Danger	 1 - <5 %
CAS: 136-52-7	Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) Aquatic Acute 1: H400; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Repr. 1B: H360; Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - Danger	 0.01 - <0.1 %
CAS: 108-31-6	maleic anhydride Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Resp. Sens. 1: H334; Skin Corr. 1B: H314; Skin Sens. 1A: H317; STOT RE 1: H372; EUH071 - Danger	 <0.001 %

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Other information:

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SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (continued)

Identification	Specific concentration limit
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6	% (w/w) >=0.001: Skin Sens. 1A - H317

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6	1090 mg/kg	Not relevant	Rat
	LC50 inhalation	Not relevant	

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case removal could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS for the product.

By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit, ...).

Additional provisions:

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

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SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

It is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in The Equipment and Protective Systems Intended for Use in Potentially Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2016 and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of The Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002, 2002 No. 2776. Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

PREGNANT WOMEN SHOULD NOT BE EXPOSED TO THIS PRODUCT. Transfer in designated areas that comply with the necessary safety conditions (emergency showers and eyewash stations in close proximity), using personal protection equipment, especially on the hands and face (See section 8). Limit manual transfers to small amounts only. Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Specific storage requirements

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

Other information:

Storage temperature: Between 5°C and 20°C

Shelf Life: 6 Months

7.3 Specific end use(s):

See Section 1.2

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits, fourth edition, published 2020:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
	WEL (8h)	WEL (15 min)	WEL (8h)
Talc CAS: 14807-96-6			1 mg/m ³
styrene CAS: 100-42-5	100 ppm	250 ppm	430 mg/m ³ 1080 mg/m ³
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	200 ppm	300 ppm	600 mg/m ³ 899 mg/m ³
Titanium dioxide CAS: 13463-67-7			4 mg/m ³
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	200 ppm	400 ppm	734 mg/m ³ 1468 mg/m ³
Ethanediol ⁽¹⁾ CAS: 107-21-1	20 ppm	40 ppm	52 mg/m ³ 104 mg/m ³
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7			0.1 mg/m ³
2,2'-oxybisethanol CAS: 111-46-6	23 ppm		101 mg/m ³
propionic acid CAS: 79-09-4	10 ppm	15 ppm	31 mg/m ³ 46 mg/m ³
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6			1 mg/m ³ 3 mg/m ³
2,6-dimethylheptan-4-one CAS: 108-83-8	25 ppm		148 mg/m ³

⁽¹⁾ Skin

Biological limit values:

BIOLOGICAL MONITORING GUIDANCE VALUES (BMGVs) - EH40/2005

Identification	NULL	NULL	NULL
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	5 mg/L	Butan-2-one in urine	Post shift

DNEL (Workers):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
styrene CAS: 100-42-5 EC: 202-851-5	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	406 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	289 mg/m ³	306 mg/m ³	85 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	1161 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	600 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	63 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	1468 mg/m ³	1468 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.2351 mg/m ³
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	0.2 mg/m ³	0.2 mg/m ³	0.081 mg/m ³	0.081 mg/m ³

DNEL (General population):

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
styrene CAS: 100-42-5 EC: 202-851-5	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	2.1 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	343 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	174.25 mg/m ³	182.75 mg/m ³	10.2 mg/m ³	Not relevant

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SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification		Short exposure		Long exposure	
		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	31 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	412 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	106 mg/m ³	Not relevant
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	4.5 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	37 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Inhalation	734 mg/m ³	734 mg/m ³	367 mg/m ³	367 mg/m ³
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.175 mg/kg	Not relevant
	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	0.037 mg/m ³

PNEC:


Identification				
styrene CAS: 100-42-5 EC: 202-851-5	STP	5 mg/L	Fresh water	0.028 mg/L
	Soil	0.2 mg/kg	Marine water	0.014 mg/L
	Intermittent	0.04 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.614 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.307 mg/kg
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3 EC: 201-159-0	STP	709 mg/L	Fresh water	55.8 mg/L
	Soil	22.5 mg/kg	Marine water	55.8 mg/L
	Intermittent	55.8 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	284.74 mg/kg
	Oral	1 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	284.7 mg/kg
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6 EC: 205-500-4	STP	650 mg/L	Fresh water	0.24 mg/L
	Soil	0.148 mg/kg	Marine water	0.024 mg/L
	Intermittent	1.65 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	1.15 mg/kg
	Oral	0.2 g/kg	Sediment (Marine water)	0.115 mg/kg
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7 EC: 205-250-6	STP	0.37 mg/L	Fresh water	0.00062 mg/L
	Soil	10.9 mg/kg	Marine water	0.00236 mg/L
	Intermittent	Not relevant	Sediment (Fresh water)	53.8 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	69.8 mg/kg
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6 EC: 203-571-6	STP	44.6 mg/L	Fresh water	0.038 mg/L
	Soil	0.037 mg/kg	Marine water	0.004 mg/L
	Intermittent	0.379 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0.296 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0.03 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment


In accordance with the order of importance to control professional exposure it is recommended to use localized extraction in the work area as a collective protection measure to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limits. In case of using personal protective equipment it should have <<UKCA marking>> or <<CE marking>>. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases and vapours	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.


C.- Specific protection for the hands

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)



Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Linear low-density polyethylene (LLDPE), Breakthrough time: > 480 min, Thickness: 0.062 mm)	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.



D.- Eye and face protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.

E.- Body protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
 Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
 Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
 Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	 Eyewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D

The Volatile Organic Compounds in Paints, Varnishes and Vehicle Refinishing Products Regulations 2012:

V.O.C. (Supply):	41.62 % weight
V.O.C. density at 20 °C:	531.13 kg/m ³ (531.13 g/L)

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:

Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Undefined
Colour:	White
Odour:	Characteristic
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *

Volatility:

Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	130 °C
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*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

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SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	2272 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	9276.58 Pa (9.28 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Product description:	
Density at 20 °C:	1276.2 kg/m ³
Relative density at 20 °C:	1.276
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	Not relevant *
Concentration:	Not relevant *
pH:	Not relevant *
Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Solubility properties:	Not relevant *
Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *
Flammability:	
Flash Point:	25 °C
Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
Autoignition temperature:	229 °C
Lower flammability limit:	Not available
Upper flammability limit:	Not available
Particle characteristics:	
Median equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable

9.2 Other information:

Information with regard to physical hazard classes:

Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *

Other safety characteristics:

Surface tension at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Refraction index:	Not relevant *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the indicated conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

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SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

Contains substances highly reactive and can auto-polymerize as a result of internal peroxide accumulation. The peroxides formed in these reactions are extremely shock- and heat-sensitive.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Prolonged inhalation of the product is corrosive to mucous membranes and the upper respiratory tract

C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):

- Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
- Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.

D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):

- Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
IARC: Talc (3); styrene (2A); Titanium dioxide (2B); Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) (2B); Hydrocarbons, C9-C11,n-alkanes, iso-alkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics (3)
- Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- Reproductive toxicity: Suspected to damage the foetus

E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as dangerous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.

F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure:

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Serious health effects in the case of prolonged consumption, including death, serious functional disorders or morphological changes of toxicological importance. Organs affected: Hearing organs.
- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances which are classified as dangerous due to repetitive exposure. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

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SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Not relevant

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
	LD50 oral	LD50 dermal	
styrene CAS: 100-42-5	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	12 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	LD50 oral	4000 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	6400 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	23.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	LD50 oral	4100 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	20000 mg/kg	Rabbit
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L	
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6	LD50 oral	1090 mg/kg	Rat
	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L	

Acute Toxicity Estimate (ATE mix):

ATE mix		Ingredient(s) of unknown toxicity
Oral	67489.71 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Non-applicable
Dermal	>5000 mg/kg (Calculation method)	Non-applicable
Inhalation	34.29 mg/L (4 h) (Calculation method)	0 %

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it does contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

12.1 Toxicity:

Acute toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	LC50	EC50		
styrene CAS: 100-42-5	LC50	4.02 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	4.7 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	4.9 mg/L (72 h)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Algae
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	LC50	3220 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	5091 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	4300 mg/L (168 h)	Scenedesmus quadricauda	Algae
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	LC50	230 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	EC50	717 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
	EC50	3300 mg/L (48 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7	LC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
	EC50	>0.1 - 1 mg/L (72 h)		Algae

Chronic toxicity:

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	NOEC	Not relevant		
styrene CAS: 100-42-5	NOEC	Not relevant		
	NOEC	1.01 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Concentration		Species	Genus
	NOEC			
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	NOEC	9.65 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	NOEC	2.4 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
Cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate) CAS: 136-52-7	NOEC	0.21 mg/L	Pimephales promelas	Fish
	NOEC	0.1697 mg/L	Aeolosoma sp.	Crustacean

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Degradability		Biodegradability	
styrene CAS: 100-42-5	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	91 mg/L
	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	70.9 %
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	BOD5	2.03 g O2/g	Concentration	Not relevant
	COD	2.31 g O2/g	Period	20 days
	BOD5/COD	0.88	% Biodegradable	89 %
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	BOD5	1.36 g O2/g	Concentration	100 mg/L
	COD	1.69 g O2/g	Period	14 days
	BOD5/COD	0.8	% Biodegradable	83 %
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	33.33 mg/L
	COD	Not relevant	Period	29 days
	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	98.19 %

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Substance-specific information:

Identification	Bioaccumulation potential	
styrene CAS: 100-42-5	BCF	74
	Pow Log	2.96
	Potential	Moderate
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	BCF	3
	Pow Log	0.29
	Potential	Low
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	BCF	30
	Pow Log	0.73
	Potential	Moderate
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6	BCF	
	Pow Log	-2.61
	Potential	

12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
styrene CAS: 100-42-5	Koc	352	Henry	232 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	3.21E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Butanone CAS: 78-93-3	Koc	30	Henry	5.77 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.396E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
Ethyl acetate CAS: 141-78-6	Koc	59	Henry	13.58 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
	Surface tension	2.324E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes
maleic anhydride CAS: 108-31-6	Koc	42	Henry	0E+0 Pa·m ³ /mol
	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Not relevant
	Surface tension	1.673E-2 N/m (250.21 °C)	Moist soil	Not relevant

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

12.6 Other adverse effects:

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SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class
08 04 09*	waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Hazardous

Type of waste:

HP3 Flammable, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP6 Acute Toxicity, HP10 Toxic for reproduction, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011, 2011 No. 988. As under 15 01 of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of UK REACH the provisions related to waste management are stated:

UK legislation: The Waste (England & Wales) Regulations 2011.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to ADR 2023 and RID 2023:



- 14.1 **UN number:** UN1866
- 14.2 **UN proper shipping name:** RESIN SOLUTION
- 14.3 **Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 **Packing group:** I
- 14.5 **Environmental hazards:** No
- 14.6 **Special precautions for user**
Tunnel restriction code: D/E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 500 mL
- 14.7 **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by sea:

With regard to IMDG 41-22:



- 14.1 **UN number:** UN1866
- 14.2 **UN proper shipping name:** RESIN SOLUTION
- 14.3 **Transport hazard class(es):** 3
Labels: 3
- 14.4 **Packing group:** I
- 14.5 **Marine pollutant:** No
- 14.6 **Special precautions for user**
Special regulations: Not relevant
EmS Codes: F-E, S-E
Physico-Chemical properties: see section 9
Limited quantities: 500 mL
Segregation group: Not relevant
- 14.7 **Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:** Not relevant

Transport of dangerous goods by air:

With regard to IATA/ICAO 2024:

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SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



14.1 UN number:	UN1866
14.2 UN proper shipping name:	RESIN SOLUTION
14.3 Transport hazard class(es):	3
Labels:	3
14.4 Packing group:	I
14.5 Environmental hazards:	No
14.6 Special precautions for user	
Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code:	Not relevant

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Substances listed in UK candidate list of substances of very high concern (SVHCs): Not relevant
- Substances listed in UK REACH Authorisation List (Annex 14): Not relevant

The Control of Major Accident Hazards Regulations 2015:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000

Restrictions to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII UK REACH, etc):

Shall not be used in:

- ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,
- tricks and jokes,
- games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:

The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.
The Chemicals (Health and Safety) and Genetically Modified Organisms (Contained Use) (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended)
EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-The REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H315: Causes skin irritation.
H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Organs affected: Hearing organs.
H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

GB CLP Regulation (UK S.I. 2019/720 and UK S.I. 2020/1567):

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.
Aquatic Acute 1: H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.
Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
Flam. Liq. 2: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.
Repr. 1B: H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child.
Repr. 2: H361d - Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
Skin Corr. 1B: H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.
Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation).
STOT RE 1: H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method
STOT RE 1: Calculation method
Repr. 2: Calculation method
Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)
Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

<http://echa.europa.eu>
<http://eur-lex.europa.eu>

Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road
IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code
IATA: International Air Transport Association
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand
BCF: Bioconcentration factor
LD50: Lethal Dose 50
LC50: Lethal Concentration 50
EC50: Effective concentration 50
LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient
Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon
UFI: unique formula identifier
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer